#### **Athletics**

#### **National Curriculum Aims**

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum Statement:

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2				
Pupils should develop fundamental	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use			
movement skills, become increasingly	them in different ways and to link them to make	e actions and sequences of movement. They			
competent and confident and access a broad	should enjoy communicating, collaborating and	d competing with each other. They should			
range of opportunities to extend their agility,	develop an understanding of how to improve in	n different physical activities and sports and			
balance and coordination, individually and	learn how to evaluate and recognise their own	success.			
with others. They should be able to engage in					
competitive (both against self and against					
others) and co-operative physical activities, in					
a range of increasingly challenging					
situations.					
Objectives:					
Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2			
Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and	Become increasingly competent and confident,	Develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and			
confident, and access a broad range of	and access a broad range of opportunities to	learn how to evaluate and recognise their			
activities to extend their agility, balance and	extend their agility, Balance and coordination learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success				
coordination;					
Learning Outcomes:					

Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6	
Be able to attempt a variety of throwing using time;  Know and understand quicker and slower ways of travelling;  Develop fundamental movement skills. E.g. hopping, skipping;  Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations;  Be able to estempt a variety of throwing and slow speeds, changing speed and direction;  Be able to run, jump and throw using a variety of techniques. Know and understand how the position of the body affects throwing performance;  Develop fundamental movement skills. E.g. hopping, skipping;  Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations;  Be able to perform 1:2, 2:2, 2:1 and 1:1 jumps  Know and understand how the position of the body during performance affect of the body during performance affect of the body during performance affects of the body during p	nt, so tain land land land land land land land lan



#### **National Curriculum Aims**

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- · are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum:

# Key Stage 1Key Stage 2Pupils should develop fundamentalPupils should develop fundamental

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

#### Objectives:

#### Key Stage 1

Be able to link and perform a series of movements based on an imaginary character;

Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident, and access a broad range of opportunities to extend agility, balance and coordination;

#### **Lower Key Stage 2**

Know and understand how to maximise personalities by making powerful face and body movement changes;

Become increasingly competent and confident, and access a broad range of opportunities to extend agility, balance and coordination;

#### **Upper Key Stage 2**

Continue to apply and develop a broad range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and link them to make actions and sequences of movement:

Become more competent, confident and expert in techniques, and understand what makes a performance effective and how to

			apply these principles to their own and others work;			
Learning Outcomes:						
Year 1 Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Perform basic body actions; Use different parts of the body singly and in combination; Show some sense of dynamic, expressive and rhythmic qualities in their own dance; Choose appropriate movements for different dance ideas; Remember and repeat short dance phrases and simple dances; Wory the way they use space; Describe basic body actions with control different body actions and simple expressive and dynamic qualities of movement  Perform body actions with control; Choose movements with different dynamic qualities to make a dance phrase that expresses an idea, mood or feeling; Link actions; Remember and repeat dance phrases; Perform short dances, showing an understanding of expressive qualities; Describe how dancing affects their body; Know why it is important to be active; Suggest ways they could improve their work; Be able to link and perform a series of Movements based on imaginary characters	Improvise freely, translating ideas from a stimulus into movement; Create dance phrases that communicate ideas; Share and create dance phrases with a partner and in a small group; Repeat, remember and perform these phrases in a dance; Use dynamic, rhythmic and expressive qualities clearly and with control; Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down; Recognise and talk about the movements used and the Expressive qualities of dance; Suggest improvements	Respond imaginatively to a range of stimuli related to character and narrative; Use simple motifs and movement patterns to structure dance phrases on their own, with a partner and in a group; Refine, repeat and remember dance phrases and dances; Perform dances clearly and fluently; Show sensitivity to the dance idea and the accompaniment; Show a clear understanding of how to warm up and cool down safely; Describe, interpret and evaluate dance, Using appropriate	Compose motifs and plan dances creatively and collaboratively in groups; Adapt and refine the way they use weight, space and rhythm in their dances to express themselves in the style of dance they use; Perform different styles of dance clearly and fluently; Organise their own warm-up and cooldown exercises; Show an understanding of safe exercising; Recognise and comment on dances, showing an understanding of style; Suggest ways to improve their own and	Work creatively and imaginatively on their own, with a partner and in a group to compose motifs and structure simple dances; Perform to an accompaniment expressively and sensitively; Perform dances fluently and with control; Warm up and cool down independently; Understand how dance helps to keep them healthy; Use appropriate criteria to evaluate and refine their own and others' work; Talk about dance with		

#### **Fundamental) Games**

#### Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum:

## Key Stage 1 Pupils should

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging

#### **Key Stage 2**

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

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	jectives:

situations.

# Key Stage 1 Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident; Access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others;

<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	:				
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Use basic underarm,	Show awareness of				
rolling and hitting	opponents and team-				
skills;	mates when playing				
Sometimes use	games;				
overarm skills e.g.	Perform basic skills of				
throwing a bean bag;	rolling, striking and kicking				
Intercept, retrieve and	with more confidence;				
stop a beanbag and a	Apply these skills in a				
medium-sized ball with	variety of simple games;				
some consistency;	Be able to throw and catch				
Sometimes catch a	a ball with a team member;				
beanbag and a	Know and understand the				
medium-sized ball;	term intercept;				
Track balls and other	Make choices about				
equipment sent to	appropriate targets, space				
them, moving in line	and equipment;				
with the ball to collect	Use a variety of simple				
it;	tactics;				
Throw, hit and kick a	Describe how their bodies				
ball in a variety of	work and feel when playing				
ways, depending on	games;				
The needs of the game;	Work well with a partner				
Choose different ways	and in a small group to				
of hitting, throwing,	improve their skills;				
striking or kicking the	Be able to catch a moving				
ball;	ball				
Decide where to stand	Know and understand the				
to make it difficult for	term 'feed'				
their opponent and to	Be aware of space and use				
understand the term	it to support team-mates				
defend;	and cause problems for the				
	opposition;				

	ibe what they and			
others	s are doing;			
Descri	ibe how their			
body f	feels during			
games	S			

#### **Gymnastics**

#### Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum:

#### Key Stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

#### **Key Stage 2**

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

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#### Key Stage 1

Develop core movement, become increasingly competent and confident, and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others.

#### **Lower Key Stage 2**

Continue to implement and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and link them to make actions and sequences of movement

#### **Upper Key Stage 2**

Continue to implement and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and link them to make actions and sequence of movements;

Enjoy communicating and collaborating;

Learnin	g O	utco	mes:

Voor 1	Year 2	Voor 2	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Year 1	TEGI Z	Year 3	1 E a 1 4	Teal 3	Teal 0

Show basic control and coordination when travelling and when remaining still; Choose and link 'like' actions: Remember and repeat these actions accurately and consistently; Find and use space safely, with an awareness of others: Identify and copy the basic actions of gymnasts; Use words such as rolling, travelling, balancing, climbing; Make their body tense, relaxed, stretched and curled; Describe what they do in their movement phrases

Plan and repeat simple sequences of actions; show contrasts in shape; Perform a sequence that shows clear change of speed: Perform the basic gymnastic actions with coordination, control and variety; Recognise and describe how they feel after exercise: Describe what their bodies feel like during gymnastic activity; Describe what they and others have done: Say why they think gymnastic actions are being performed well Be able to perform a

sequence that flows;

Use a greater number of their own ideas for movements in response to a task; Choose and plan sequences of contrasting actions; Adapt sequences to suit different types of apparatus and their partner's ability; Explain how strength and suppleness affect performance; Compare and contrast gymnastic sequences, commenting on Similarities and differences: With help, recognise how performances could be improved; Be able to perform a sequence in time with a partner; Know and understand to teach a sequence to a partner; Suggest warm-up activities;

Perform actions. balances, body shapes and agilities with control; Plan, perform and repeat longer sequences that include changes of speed and level, clear shapes and quality of movement; Adapt their own movements to include a partner in a sequence; Understand that strength and suppleness can be improved; Recognise criteria that lead to improvement, e.g. changing a level; watch, describe and suggest possible improvements to others' performances; Suggest improvements to their own performance Be able to perform a sequence following a pathway, in time with a partner; Know and understand how to sequence

movements that move

Create, practise and refine longer, more complex sequences for a performance, including changes in level, direction and speed; Choose actions, body shapes and balances from a wider range of themes and ideas: Adapt their performance to the demands of a task. using their knowledge of composition; Use basic set criteria to make simple judgements about performances and Suggest ways they could be improved Be able to link and perform multiple sequential elements e.g. up to 8 understand the need for warming up and working on body strength, tone and flexibility; Lead small groups in warm-up activities;

Make up longer, more complex sequences, including changes of direction, level and speed; Develop their own solutions to a task by choosing and applying a range of compositional principles; Combine and perform gymnastic actions, shapes and balances; Show clarity, fluency, accuracy and consistency in their movements; Say, in simple terms, why activity is good for their health, fitness and wellbeing; Show an awareness of factors influencing the quality of a performance and suggest aspects that need improving Be able to link at 3 different levels: Know and understand how to perform at different levels;

	people together and apart lead a partner through short warm-up routines;	Be able to link and perform multiple sequential elements e.g. up to 10 Be able to adapt an individual sequence to become a group sequence; Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;
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#### **Invasion Games**

#### Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- · are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum:

#### Key Stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

#### **Key Stage 2**

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

#### Objectives:

### Key Stage 1

#### **Lower Key Stage 2**

and become increasingly confident and competent;
Apply a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways
Be able to engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations, and enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other;

Continue to develop fundamental movement skills

#### **Upper Key Stage 2**

Apply and develop a broader range of skills, using them in different ways and linking then to make actions and sequences of movement; Develop and understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success; Further develop and understand resilience and

Further develop and understand resilience and fairness in sports;

<b>Learning Outcomes:</b>					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Throw and catch with control to keep possession and score 'goals'; Pass and dribble with control without opponent; Be able to bounce the ball in the direction of a target; Know and use rules fairly to keep games going; Say when a player has moved to help others; Apply this knowledge to their own play Suggest warm-up activities;	Play games with some fluency and accuracy, using a range of throwing and catching techniques; Pass and dribble with control under pressure; Find ways of attacking successfully when using other skills; Use a variety of simple tactics for attacking well, keeping possession of the ball as a team, and getting into positions to score; Know the rules of the games; Understand that they need to defend as well as attack; Understand how strength, stamina and speed can be improved by playing invasion games; Watch and describe others' performances, as well as their own, and suggest practices that will help them and others to play better	Pass, dribble and shoot with control in games; Identify and use tactics to help their team keep the ball and take it towards the opposition's goal; Identify tactics that present opportunities to score goals Mark opponents and help each other in defence; Pick out things that could be improved in Performances and suggest ideas and practices to make them better  To develop their own game and to be able to agree and teach the rules of it; Know how to make games safe; Be able to attempt to intercept Be able to participate in small sided game e.g. 5 a-side Understand the need for warming up and	Use different techniques for passing, controlling, dribbling and shooting the ball in games; Apply basic principles of team play to keep possession of the ball; use marking, tackling and/or interception to improve their defence; Play effectively as part of a team; Know what position they are playing in and how to contribute when attacking and defending; Recognise their own and others' strengths and weaknesses in games; Suggest ideas that will improve performance Be able to describe an attacking position and a defending position within a game situation; Know and understand positions that help

	Be able to move to the correct position in order to attempt to score; Lead a partner through short warm-up routines;	working on body strength, tone and flexibility; Lead small groups in warm-up activities;	attacking and defending positions within a game; Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;
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#### **Net and Wall Games**

#### Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum:

#### Key Stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

#### **Key Stage 2**

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

#### Objectives:

#### Key Stage 1

Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident;
Access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others;

Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

#### **Lower Key Stage 2**

Know and understand how to position themselves to make defending an area easier;

Continue to develop fundamental movement skills and become increasingly confident and competent;

Apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways

#### **Upper Key Stage 2**

Continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways

Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other;

Develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success;

Learning Outcomes	s:	Develop an understand in different physical act learn how to evaluate a own success;	ivities and sports, and		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Able to send an object with increased confidence using hand or bat;  Moves towards a moving ball to return with hand or bat;	Demonstrates basic sending skills in isolation and small games;  Tracks the path of ball over a line/net and move towards it;  Hits a ball using both hand and racquet with	Attempts to serve to begin a game. E.g. underarm;  Plays a continuous game using: throwing and catching or some simple hitting;  Keeps count/score of	Explores shots on both sides of the body and attempt with confidence; introduction of forehand and backhand  Uses a small range of racquet/hand skills;	Plays a range of basic shots on both sides of the body, move feet to hit ball;  Plays modified games sending and returning a ball;  Plays with others with	Uses forehand, backhand and overhead shots with more confidence in games;  Makes appropriate choices in games about the best shot to use;
Scores points against opposition over a line/net; Selects and applies skills to win points; Chases, stops and controls balls and other objects such	some consistency;  Returns a ball coming towards them using hand or racquet;  Plays in a modified game send and returning the ball over a line/barrier;  Decides on and play with	a game;  Can play within boundaries;  Uses a small range of basic racquet skills;  Moves towards a ball to return over a line/net;  Plays over a net;	Works with a partner / small groups to return a served ball; Plays competitively with others and against others in modified games; Uses basic defensive	some flow to the game, keeping track of their own scores;  Recognises where they should stand on the court when playing on their own and with others;  Applies some control	Starts games with the appropriate serve;  Begins to use full scoring systems;  Develops doubles play (team play for volleyball);
as beanbags and hoops;  Identifies space to send a ball; Be able to send an object in isolation;	dominant hand; Be able to send a ball in small games with increased confidence; Tracks the path of a ball over a line/net and moves towards it;	Suggest warm-up activities;	tactics to defend the court i.e. moving to different positions on the court;  Chooses ways to send the ball to make	when returning the ball including foot placement, shot selection and aim;  Be able to describe their scoring system;	Applies tactics in games effectively; Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;

Moves towards a moving ball to return it with hand or bat;

Be able to demonstrate basic sending skills in isolation; Be able to demonstrate sending skills in isolation and basic games;

it difficult for opponent to return;

Suggests and lead warm ups that prepare the body appropriately for net/wall activities;

Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other;

Lead a partner through short warmup routines; Understand the need for warming up and working on body strength, tone and flexibility; Lead small groups in warm-up activities;

#### Outdoor and Adventurous Activities

#### Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- · are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum:

#### Key Stage 1

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

#### **Key Stage 2**

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

#### Objectives:

# Key Stage 1 Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing in physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations; Start to develop an understanding of how to improve in different activities, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success; Become increasingly competent in a range of skills, and access a broad range of activities;

#### **Upper Key Stage 2**

Continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways;

Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other.

Develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports, and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success;

earning Outcomes:		them in different ways	se skills, learning to use		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			Identify where they are by using simple plans and diagrams of familiar environments; Use simple plans and diagrams to help them follow a short trail and go from one place to another; Respond to a challenge or problem they are set; Begin to work and behave safely; Work increasingly cooperatively with others, discussing how to follow trails and solve problems; Recognise that different tasks make their body work in different ways; Comment on how they went about tackling tasks Be able to devise different methods of communication; Comment on how they went about tackling tasks	Use maps and diagrams to orientate themselves and to travel around a simple course; Start to plan sensible responses to physical challenges or problems, talking and working with others in their group; Recognise some of the physical demands that activities make on them; Identify parts of the work that were successful; Respond to feedback on how to go about their work differently Respond to feedback on how to go about their work differently Work on some tasks independently Complete activities with increasing confidence	Choose and perform skills and strategies effectively; Find solutions to problems and challenges; Respond when the task or environment changes and the challenge increases; Plan, implement and refine the strategies they use; Adapt the strategies as necessary; Work increasingly wel in a group or in a team where roles and responsibilities are understood; Prepare physically and organisationally for challenges they are set, taking into account the group's safety; Identify what they do well, as individuals and as a group;

		Suggest ways to improve individuals and as a group Work independently Complete activities with confidence and
		competence

#### **Striking and Fielding Games**

#### Aims

The national curriculum for physical education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods of time
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, active lives.

#### National Curriculum:

### Key Stage 1 Rey Stage 2

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.

#### Objectives: Key Stage 1

# Apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways; Be able to engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations, and enjoying communicating and collaborating and competing with each other; Start to develop and understand how to improve,

success;

**Lower Key Stage 2** 

and learn to evaluate and recognise their own

#### **Upper Key Stage 2**

Continue to develop fundamental movement skills and become increasingly competent and confident;

To know and understand the tactics in a range of striking and fielding games. E.g. in cricket multiple fielders attempt to stop the batter's play;

Apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways; Be able to engage in competitive and cooperative activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations, and enjoying

			communicating, collaborating and competing with each other;		
Learning Outcomes:					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Use a range of skills, e.g. throwing, striking, intercepting and stopping a ball, with some control and accuracy;  Continue to develop fundamental movement skills and become increasingly competent and confident;  To understand the need for tactics; To be able to pass and catch within pairs;  Know and understand rules of the game;  Set up small games;  Explain what they need to do to get ready to play games;  Suggest what needs practising;	Use a range of skills, e.g. throwing, striking, intercepting and stopping a ball, with good control and accuracy;  Choose and vary skills and tactics to suit the situation in a game;  Carry out tactics successfully;  To be able to pass and catch within a small team;  Know rules and use them fairly to keep games going;  Carry out warm ups with care and an awareness of what is happening to their bodies;	Strike a bowled ball with some accuracy; use a range of fielding skills, e.g. catching, throwing, bowling, intercepting, with growing control and consistency;  Work collaboratively in pairs, group activities and small-sided games;  Use and apply the basic rules consistently and fairly;  Recognise the activities and exercises that need including in a warm up;  Identify their own strengths and suggest practices to help them improve;  Know and understand how to score points;	Strike a bowled ball with precision ball; use a range of fielding skills, e.g. catching, throwing, bowling, intercepting, with growing control and consistency;  Continue to work collaboratively in pairs, group activities and small-sided games;  Continue to use and apply the basic rules consistently and fairly;  Understand and implement a range of tactics in games with success;  Deliver a specific warm up to a small group of peers;

Know and understan how hitting the ball further increases the chances of running further distances;  Suggest warm-up activities;	Describe what they and others do that is successful;  Be able to bat and run to distance bases;  Lead a partner through short warm-up routines;	Start to develop an understanding of how to improve, and learn to evaluate and recognise their own success;  Be able to score points by hitting a ball and running safely to the target;  Know that it is advantageous to attempt to strike a batter 'out';  Understand the need for warming up and working on body strength, tone and flexibility;  Lead small groups in warm-up activities;	Identify their own and others strengths and suggest practices to help them improve;  Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;
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#### **Vocabulary**

In the following section we have looked at age appropriate vocabulary that we would expect teachers to use and pupils to understand in each unit.

	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Games	Avoiding; Tracking a ball; Rolling; Striking; Overarm throwing; Bouncing; Catching; Free space; Own space; Opposite team	Rebound; Tracking; Following the movement of a ball; Aiming; Speed; Direction; Passing; Controlling; Shooting; Scoring;				
Dance	Travel; Stillness; Gallop; Skip; Jump; Hop; Bounce; Spring; Turn; Spin; Freeze; Statue; Direction; Forwards; Backwards; Sideways; Space; Near; Far; In and out; On the spot; Beginning; Middle; End; Mood; Feelings; Jolly; Stormy; Fast; Strong; Gentle	Stimulus; High; Medium; Low; Direction; Pathways; Curved; Zigzag; Happy; Angry; Calm; Excited; Sad; Lonely; Tired; Hot; Sweaty; Heart rate; Warm up; Cool down	Dynamics; Space; Relationships; Square; Circle; Line; Partner; Copy; Follow; Lead; Unison; Canon; Repeat; Structure; Motif; Improvisation; Explore	Character; Narrative; Costume; Props; Describe; Analyse; Interpret; Evaluate; Communication; Gesture; Unison; Canon; Repetition; Action; Reaction; Question and answer; Myth; Legend; Mobilise joints; Diet	Dance style; Technique; Formation; Pattern; Gesture; Rhythm; Haka; Motif; Variation	Style; High energy; Fast footwork; Contact work; Lean; Push; Pull; Lift; Unison; Canon; Lindy Hop; Scarecrow; Frog; Stamina
Gymnastics	Jump; Land; Rock; Roll; Grip; Hang; Push; Pull; Bounce; Hop; Skip; Step; Spring; Crawl; Slide; Speed; Stop; Still;	Hang; Swing; Sequence; Copy; Upside-down; Take off; Smooth; Quarter-turn; Fast; Shape; Twisted;	Inverted; Contrasting; Flow; Combinations; Half-turn; Sustained; Explosive;	Rotation; 90°; 180°; 270°; Spinning; Axis; Strength; Suppleness; Stamina;	Asymmetry; Symmetry; Display; Matching; Flight; Feet apart; Feet together; Crouch; Inclined	Counterbalance; Counter-tension; Tension; Obstacle; Straddle over; Aesthetic; Judgement

	Slowly; Shape; Tall; Long; Wide; Narrow; Up; Down; Forwards; Level; High; Low; Zigzag; Straight; Feet; Hands; Toes; Heels; Knees; Head; Elbows; Bottom; Back; Tummies; Along; Around; Across; On; Off; Over; Under; Through; Tension; Extension; Relaxation	Curled; Wide; Narrow; Medium; Backwards; Sideways; Zigzag; Angular; Legs; Arms; Hips; Fingers; Shoulders; Tummy; Sides; Under; Through; Towards; In front; Behind; Over	Combine; Approaching; Leaving; Height; Inversion; Against; Towards; Away; Across		
Athletics			Run; Catch; Hop; Skip; Step; Sideways; Forwards; Backwards; Throw; High; Low; Far; Near; Straight; Aim; Drop; Bounce; Fast; Medium; Slow; Safely	Sprint; Jog; Pace; Steady; Fast; Medium; Slow; Sling; Push; Pull; Power; Stamina; Speed; Safety; Relay; Time; Measure; Record;	Race; Run- up; Position of feet on last stride; Pacing; Stamina; Strength; Speed; Power; Suppleness; Safety; Rules; Relay take-over area; Time; Measure; Record; Set targets
OAA			Listen; Explore; Plan and do; Maps; Diagrams; Pictures; Symbols; Follow a trail; Seek and find; Challenges;	Maps; Diagrams; Symbols; Scale; Orienteering; Controls; Challenges; Problem solving; Plan alone; Plan in	Maps; Diagrams; Orienteering; Planning a journey; Challenges; Problem solving; Plan; Strategies; Try review try again;

			problem solving; Plan, do and talk	pairs; Groups; Try; Review	Improve; Talk about; Agree good ways of working; Team work; Collaborate; Roles and responsibilities
Invasion games		Keeping possession; Keeping the ball; Scoring goals; Keeping the score; Making space; Pass; Send and receive; Dribble; Travel with the ball; Back up; Support partners	Keep; Keep control; Make and use space; Support; Pass; Points; Goals; Rules; Tactics	Passing; Dribbling; Shooting; Shielding the ball; Width; Depth; Support; Marking; Covering	Possession; Repossession; Attackers; Defenders; Marking; Covering; Supporting; Team play; Team positions
Striking and Flelding		Batting; Fielding; Bowler; Wicket; Tee; Base; Boundary; Innings; Rounder; Backstop; Score		Stance; Crease; Ba striker; Leg-side; Of Pitch; Over; Innings	fside; Home base;
Net / Wall games		Court; Target; Net; Striking; Hitting; Defending; Making it difficult for the opponent; Tactics; Scoring points		Forehand; Backhan Rally; Singles; Doub Changing direction; Short tennis; Badmi court; Covering cou	Changing speed; nton; Defending